



CLIFFORD[®]
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Matrix RSII
Installation Guide

MATRIX[™]



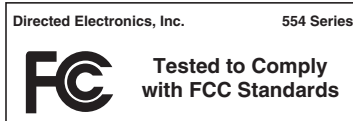
The Bitwriter® (p/n 998T) requires chip version 1.4 or newer to program this unit.

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DirectFax 800-999-1329 Technical Support 800-753-0800

These resources are for authorized Directed Dealer use only.

This device complies with Part 15 of FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this device.



Bitwriter™, Code Hopping™, DEI®, Doubleguard®, ESP™, FailSafe®, Ghost Switch™, Learn Routine™, Nite-Lite®, Nuisance Prevention® Circuitry, NPC®, Revenger®, Silent Mode™, Soft Chirp®, Stinger®, Valet®, Vehicle Recovery System®, VRS®, and Warn Away® are all Trademarks or Registered Trademarks of Directed Electronics, Inc.

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Warning! Safety First

- Due to the complexity of this system, installation of this product must only be performed by an authorized Directed dealer.
- When properly installed, this system can start the vehicle via a command signal from the transmitter/receiver. Therefore, never operate the system in an area that does not have adequate ventilation. The following precautions are the sole responsibility of the user; however, authorized Directed dealers should make the following recommendations to all users of this system:
 1. Never operate the system in an enclosed or partially enclosed area without ventilation.
 2. When parking in an enclosed or partially enclosed area or when having the vehicle serviced, the remote start system must be disabled using the installed toggle switch.
 3. It is the user's sole responsibility to properly handle and keep out of reach from children all transmitter/receiver to assure that the system does not unintentionally remote start.
 4. **THE USER MUST INSTALL A CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTOR IN OR ABOUT THE LIVING AREA ADJACENT TO THE VEHICLE. ALL DOORS LEADING FROM ADJACENT LIVING AREAS TO THE ENCLOSED OR PARTIALLY ENCLOSED VEHICLE STORAGE AREA MUST AT ALL TIMES REMAIN CLOSED.**
- Use of this product in a manner contrary to its intended mode of operation may result in property damage, personal injury, or death. Except when performing the Safety Check outlined in this installation guide, (1) Never remotely start the vehicle with the vehicle in gear, and (2) Never remotely start the vehicle with the keys in the ignition. The user will be responsible for having the neutral safety feature of the vehicle periodically checked, wherein the vehicle must not remotely start while the car is in gear. This testing should be performed by an authorized Directed dealer in accordance with the Safety Check outlined in this product installation guide. If the vehicle starts in gear, cease remote start operation immediately and consult with the user to fix the problem immediately.
- After the remote start module has been installed, test the remote start module in accordance with the Safety Check outlined in this installation guide. If the vehicle starts when performing the Neutral Safety Shutdown Circuit test, the remote start unit has not been properly installed. The remote start module must be removed or properly reinstalled so that the vehicle does not start in gear. All installations must be performed by an authorized Directed dealer. **OPERATION OF THE REMOTE START MODULE IF THE VEHICLE STARTS IN GEAR IS CONTRARY TO ITS INTENDED MODE OF OPERATION. OPERATING THE REMOTE START SYSTEM UNDER THESE CONDITIONS MAY RESULT IN PROPERTY DAMAGE OR PERSONAL INJURY. IMMEDIATELY CEASE THE USE OF THE UNIT AND REPAIR OR DISCONNECT THE INSTALLED REMOTE START MODULE. DIRECTED WILL NOT BE HELD RESPONSIBLE OR PAY FOR INSTALLATION OR REINSTALLATION COSTS.**

Installation Points to Remember

Before Beginning the Installation

IMPORTANT! This product is designed for fuel-injected, automatic transmission vehicles only. Installing it in a standard transmission vehicle is dangerous and is contrary to its intended use.

- Please read this entire installation guide before beginning the installation. The installation of this remote start system requires interfacing with many of the vehicle's systems. Many new vehicles use low-voltage or multiplexed systems that can be damaged by low-resistance testing devices, such as test lights and logic probes (computer safe test lights). Test all circuits with a high-quality digital multi-meter before making connections.
- Do not disconnect the battery if the vehicle has an anti-theft-coded radio. If equipped with an air bag, avoid disconnecting the battery if possible. Many airbag systems will display a diagnostic code through their warning lights after they lose power. Disconnecting the battery requires this code to be erased, which can require a trip to the dealer.
- Check with the customer on status LED location.
- Remove the dome light fuse. This prevents accidentally draining the battery.
- Roll down a window to avoid being locked out of the car.

Finding the Tachometer Wire

To test for a tachometer wire, a multimeter capable of testing AC voltage must be used. The tachometer wire will show between 1V and 6V AC. In multi-coil ignition systems, the system can learn individual coil wires. Individual coil wires in a multi-coil ignition system will register lower amounts of AC voltage. Also, if necessary, the system can use a fuel injector control wire for engine speed sensing.

Common locations for a tachometer wire are the ignition coil, instrument cluster, fuel injectors, or engine computers.

IMPORTANT! Do not test tachometer wires using a test light or logic probe! This will damage the vehicle.

How to find a tachometer wire with your multimeter:

1. Set to ACV or AC voltage (12V or 20V is fine).
2. Attach the (-) probe of the meter to chassis ground.

3. Start and run the vehicle.
4. Probe the wire you suspect of being the tachometer wire with the red probe of the meter.
5. If this is the correct wire the meter will read between 1V and 6V. Increase the R.P.M., and the voltage should increase approximately 1V.

Finding the WAIT-TO-START Bulb Wire for Diesels

In diesel vehicles it is necessary to interface with the wire that turns on the WAIT TO START light in the dashboard. This wire illuminates the bulb until the vehicle's glow plugs are properly heated. When the light goes out the vehicle can be started. This wire is always available at the connector leading to the bulb in the dashboard. It can also be found at the Engine Control Module (ECM) in many vehicles. However, there are some instances of diesel vehicles without WAIT TO START wires. In this case, please contact Technical Support.

To test and determine the polarity of this wire:

1. Set your multimeter to DCV or DC voltage (12 or 20V is fine).
2. Attach the (+) probe of the meter to (+)12V.
3. Probe the wire that you suspect leads to the bulb with the (-) probe of the meter.
4. Turn the ignition switch to the ON position.
5. If the meter indicates 12 volts until the light goes out you have isolated the correct wire and the wire's polarity is negative (ground while the bulb is on).
6. If the meter reads zero volts until the light goes out and then reads 12 volts, you have isolated the correct wire and the wire's polarity is positive.

After the Installation

- Test all functions. The *Using Your System* section of the Owner's Guide is very helpful when testing.
- Review and complete the *Safety Check* section of this guide prior to the vehicle reassembly.

Vehicle Anti-Theft Systems (Immobilizers)

Vehicle anti-theft systems (immobilizers) require a bypass module. The bypass module allows for easy interfacing, while still maintaining the OEM security system's integrity. For vehicle listings and required bypass, see DirectFax Document 1059, available only to authorized dealers through the technical resources listed at the front of this guide.

Primary Harness (H1) Wire Connection Guide

Primary Harness (H1) Wiring Diagram

H1/1	ORANGE	(-) 500 mA Armed Output
H1/2	WHITE	(+)/(-) Selectable Light Flash Output
H1/3	WHITE/BLUE	(-) Remote Start Activation Input
H1/4	BLACK/WHITE	(-) 200 mA Domelight Supervision Output
H1/5	GREEN	(-) Door Trigger Input, Zone 3
H1/6	BLUE	Multiplexed Trigger Input, Zone 1
H1/7	VIOLET	(+) Door Trigger Input, Zone 3
H1/8	BLACK	(-) Chassis Ground Input
H1/9	OPEN	No Wire
H1/10	BROWN	(+) Siren Output
H1/11	RED	(+) Constant Power Input
H1/12	RED/WHITE	(-) 200 mA Channel 2 Output

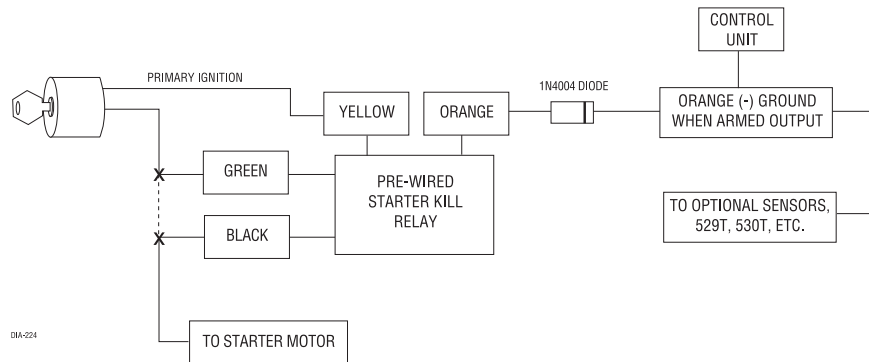
Primary Harness Wire Descriptions

H1/1 ORANGE (-) Ground-When-Armed Output

This wire supplies a (-) 500 mA ground as long as the system is armed. This output ceases as soon as the system is disarmed. The orange wire is pre-wired to control the 8618 starter kill relay.

NOTE: If using the H1/1 ORANGE wire to activate an add-on accessory such as window automation, pager or voice module a 1 Amp diode must be installed to ensure proper operation. Insert the diode as shown in the following diagram.

IMPORTANT! Never interrupt any wire other than the starter wire.

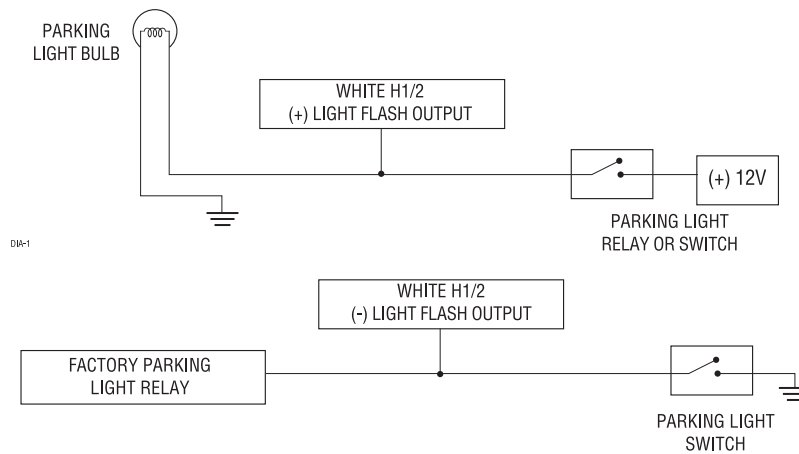


H1/2 WHITE (+/-) Selectable Light Flash Output

As shipped, this wire should be connected to the (+) parking light wire. If the light flash polarity jumper is moved to the (-) position (see the *Programming Jumper* section of this guide), this wire supplies a (-) 200 mA output. This is available for driving (-) light control wires in Toyota, Lexus, BMW, some Mitsubishi, some Mazda, and other models.

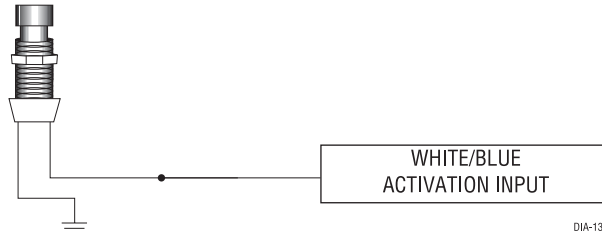
NOTE: For parking light systems that draw 10 amps or more, the jumper must be switched to a (-) light flash output. (See the *Programming Jumpers* section of this guide.) P/N 8617 or a standard automotive SPDT relay must be used on the H1/2 light flash output wire.

IMPORTANT! DO NOT connect this wire to a negative vehicle light flash wire before changing the programming jumper to the negative polarity position or damage to vehicle light circuit may occur.



H1/3 WHITE/BLUE Activation Input

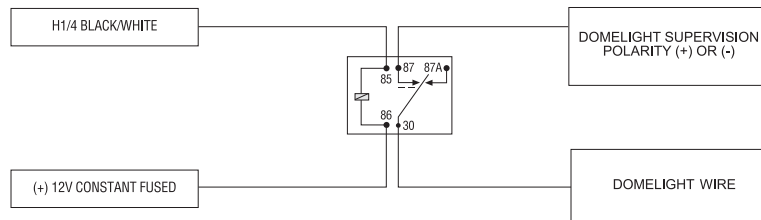
A momentary input on this wire will start or stop the motor, just as transmitting Channel 3 from the transmitter/receiver does. It is often connected to an optional momentary push-button switch to make activating Valet Take Over more convenient.



H1/4 BLACK/WHITE (-) 200 mA Domelight Supervision Output

Connect this wire to the optional domelight supervision relay as shown in the following diagram:

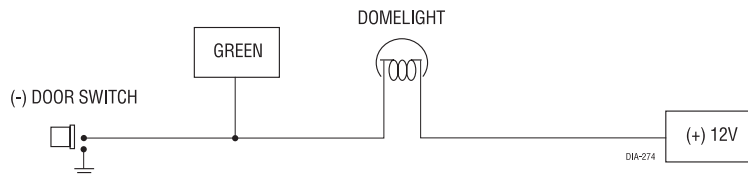
IMPORTANT! This output is only intended to drive a relay. It cannot be connected directly to the domelight circuit, as the output cannot support the current draw of one or more bulbs.



H1/5 GREEN (-) Door Trigger Input, Zone 3 and Door Icon

Most vehicles use negative door trigger circuits. Connect the GREEN wire to a wire showing ground when any door is opened. When connecting to newer model vehicles there is generally a need to use individual door triggers. See DirectFax document 1076 for wiring instructions. This wire will report Zone 3.

NOTE: If using a door trigger wire that has a delay, Advanced Menu 2, feature 6, or the 998T Bitwriter can be used to turn Bypass Notification off.



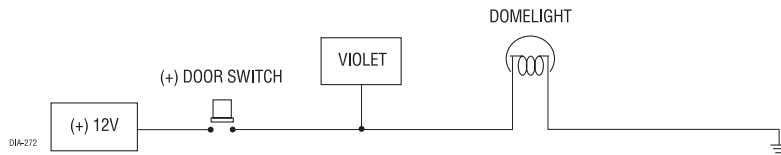
H1/6 BLUE (-) Multiplexed Trigger Input, Zone 1 and Trunk Icon

This input will respond to a negative input with a WarnAway® or instant trigger. It is ideal for hood and trunk pins and will report on Zone 1. It can also be used with Directed dual-stage sensors. The H1/6 BLUE WarnAway® or instant trigger wire can also be used to shunt sensors during operation of auxiliary channels or remote start. (See *Bypassing Sensor Inputs* section of this guide.)

H1/7 VIOLET (+) Door Trigger Input, Zone 3 and Door Icon

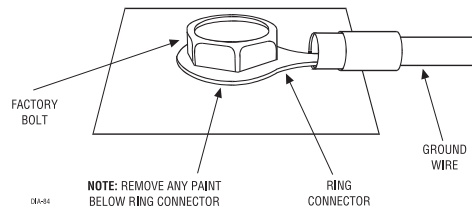
This type of dome circuit is used in many Ford products. Connect the VIOLET wire to a wire that shows (+)12V when any door is opened. This wire will report Zone 3.

NOTE: If using a door trigger wire that has a delay, Advanced Menu 2, feature 6, or the 998T Bitwriter can be used to turn Bypass Notification off.



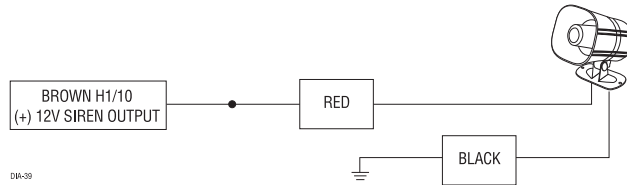
H1/8 BLACK (-) Chassis Ground Connection

Connect this wire to a clean, paint-free sheet metal location (driver kick panel) using a factory bolt that DOES NOT have any vehicle component grounds attached to it. A screw should only be used when in conjunction with a two-sided lock washer. Under dash brackets and door sheet metal are not acceptable ground points. It is recommended that all security components be grounded at the same location.



H1/10 BROWN (+) Siren Output

Connect this to the red wire of the siren. Connect the black wire of the siren to (-) chassis ground, preferably at the same point you connected the control module's black ground wire.



H1/11 RED (+) 12V Constant Power Input

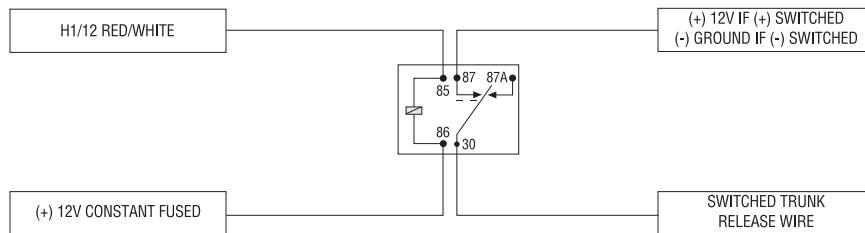
Before connecting this wire, remove the supplied fuse. Connect to the battery positive terminal or the constant 12V supply to the ignition switch.

NOTE: Always use a fuse within 12 inches of the point you obtain (+)12V. Do not use the 15A fuse in the harness for this purpose. This fuse protects the module itself.

H1/12 RED/WHITE (-) 200 mA Output

When the system receives the code controlling Channel 2, for longer than 1.5 seconds, the RED/WHITE wire will supply an output as long as the transmission continues. This is called validity output and is often used to operate a trunk/hatch release or other relay-driven function.

IMPORTANT! Never use this wire to drive anything but a relay or a low-current input! The transistorized output can only supply 200 mA of current. Connecting directly to a solenoid, motor, or other high-current device will cause it to fail.



Secondary Harness (H2), Wire Connection Guide

Secondary Harness (H2) Wiring Diagram

H2/1	GRAY/BLACK	(-) Wait-to-Start Input
H2/2	LIGHT GREEN/BLACK	(-) Factory Disarm/Special Accessory Output
H2/3	VIOLET/BLACK	(-) Selectable Channel 4 Output

Secondary Harness Wire Descriptions

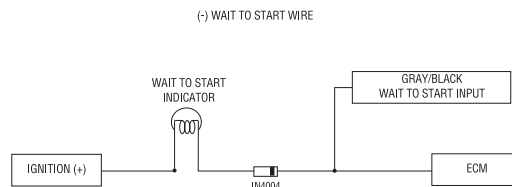
H2/1 GRAY/BLACK (-) Diesel Wait-to-Start Bulb Input

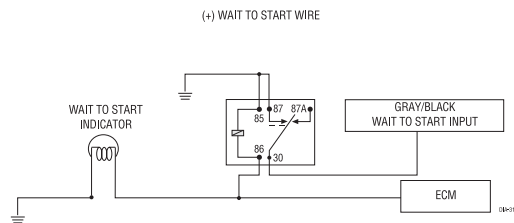
Connect this wire to the wire in the vehicle that sends the signal to turn on the WAIT-TO-START bulb in the dashboard. In most diesels the wire is negative (ground turns on the bulb) and the GRAY/BLACK can be directly connected to the wire in the vehicle. If the vehicle uses a positive wire (12V to turn on the bulb) a relay must be used to change the polarity. (See *Finding the Wait-To-Start Bulb Wire For Diesels* section of this guide.) Here are some common colors of this wire:

- Chevrolet and GMC trucks: Light Blue or Dark Blue
- Ford Trucks: Black/Pink
- Dodge Ram Trucks: Orange/Black or Black/Orange

There are some instances of diesel vehicles without WAIT TO START wires. In this case, please contact Technical Support.

NOTE: A 1-amp diode must be installed in line on the factory wire between the wait-to-start indicator and the ECM or the glow plugs will stay engaged, draining the battery.



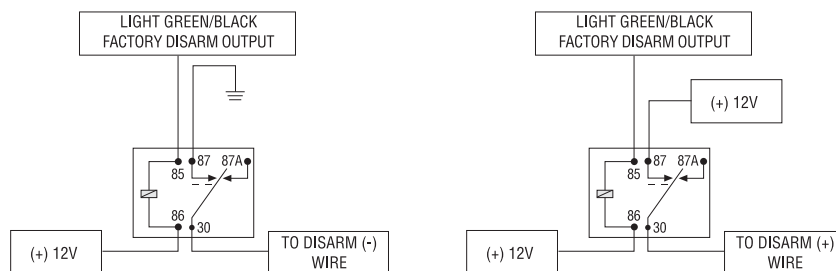


H2/2 LIGHT GREEN/BLACK (-) Factory Disarm Output

This wire sends a negative pulse every time the remote start is activated or the alarm is disarmed. This can be used to pulse the disarm wire of the vehicle's factory anti-theft device. Use a relay to send a (-) or (+) pulse to the disarm wire as shown in the diagrams below. This wire can also be used as a special accessory output. (See *Feature Descriptions* section of this guide.)

Relay for Negative (-) Disarm Wire

Relay for Positive (+) Disarm Wire



H2/3 VIOLET/BLACK 200 mA (-) Channel 4 Output

This wire provides a (-) 200mA output whenever the transmitter button(s) controlling Channel 4 is pressed. This output can be programmed to provide the following types of outputs. (See the *Feature Menus* section.)

- Validity: Output that will send a signal as long as the transmission is received.
- Latched: Output that will send a signal when the Channel 4 button(s) is pressed and will continue until the same button(s) is pressed again.
- Latched, reset with ignition: Similar to the latched output, this type of output turns on the first time the Channel 4 button(s) is pressed and turns off the next time the same button is pressed. This type of output additionally stops and resets whenever the ignition is turned on and then off.
- 30-second timed: Output that will send a continuous signal for 30 seconds.
- Second unlock output: This output can also be programmed to provide a second unlock pulse whenever the disarm button is pressed within 15 seconds after disarming the system. This setting could be used to unlock the passenger doors when installing progressive door locks, for instance.

IMPORTANT! Never use this wire to drive anything but a relay or a low-current input! This transistorized output can only supply 200 mA, and connecting directly to a solenoid, motor, or other high-current device will cause the module to fail.

Relay Satellite Ignition Switch Interface Wire Connection Guide

Heavy Gauge Relay Satellite Wiring Diagram

All except the red heavy gauge wires leading from the relay satellite are used to energize high current circuits in the vehicle. It is crucial that these connections are made correctly so that they are capable of handling the current demands. For this reason, scotch locks, T-taps and other such connectors should not be used.

1	RED	(+) High Current 12V Input
2	RED	(+) High Current 12V Input
3	PINK	(+) Output to Ignition Circuit
4	ORANGE	(+) Output to Accessory Circuit
5	PURPLE	(+) Output to Starter Circuit
6	PINK/WHITE	(+) Output to Second Ignition Circuit

Heavy Gauge Relay Satellite Wire Descriptions

RED (2) (+) 12V Input for Relays

Remove the two 30 amp fuses prior to connecting these wires and do not replace them until the satellite has been plugged into the control module. These wires are the source of current for all the circuits the relay satellite will energize. They must be connected to a high current source. Since the factory supplies (+) 12V to the key switch that is used to operate the motor, it is recommended that these wires be connected there.

NOTE: If the factory supplies two separate (+) 12V feeds to the ignition switch, connect one RED wire of the satellite to each feed at the switch.

PINK (+) Ignition Output

Connect this wire to the ignition wire in the vehicle.

ORANGE (+) Accessory Output

Connect this wire to the accessory wire in the vehicle that powers the climate control system.

PURPLE (+) Starter Output

Connect this wire to the starter wire in the vehicle.

NOTE: If failsafe starter kill is installed, be sure the PURPLE wire is connected to the car side of the failsafe starter kill relay.

PINK/WHITE (+) Output to Second Ignition Circuit

Connect this wire to the second ignition wire in the vehicle.

NOTE: For vehicles that do not have a second ignition wire, this connection is not required.

Remote Start Ribbon Harness Wiring Diagram

1	PURPLE	(-) 200 mA Starter Relay Turn-On
2	ORANGE	(-) 200 mA Accessory Relay Turn-On
3	PINK	(-) 200 mA Ignition Relay Turn-On
4	YELLOW	(+) Ignition Input to Remote Start
5	RED	(+) Constant Power

Remote Start Harness (H3), Wire Connection Guide

Remote Start Harness (H3) Wiring Diagram

1	BLUE	(-) Status/Factory Security Rearm Output
2	BLUE/BLACK	(-) 200 mA Optional Third Ignition Output
3	GRAY	(-) Hood Pinswitch Shutdown Wire
4	BROWN	(+) Brake Switch Shutdown Wire
5	VIOLET/WHITE	Tachometer Input Wire
6	BLACK/WHITE	(-) Neutral Safety Switch Input

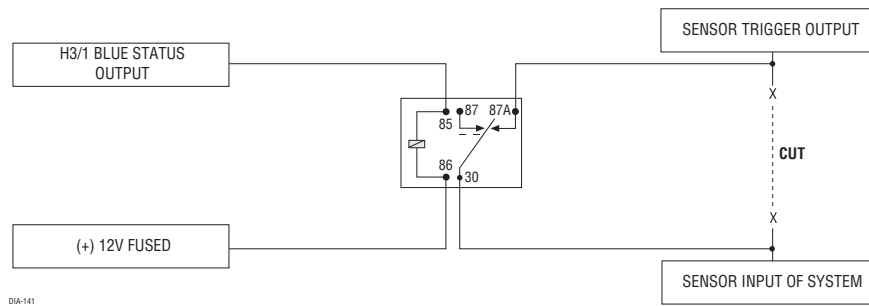
Remote Start Harness Wire Descriptions

H3/1 BLUE Status Output

This wire supplies a 200mA output as soon as the module begins the remote start process and is normally used to activate an immobilizer bypass module. The H3/1 BLUE wire can also be programmed to rearm a factory anti-theft system when the remote start shuts down. (See the *Feature Descriptions* section in this guide.)

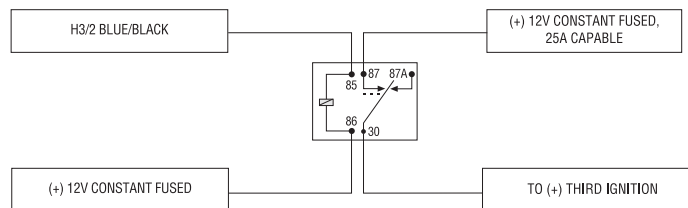
NOTE: This wire can also be used to bypass optional sensors and door triggers as described in the following diagram.

To bypass an optional sensor:



H3/2 BLUE/BLACK (-) Optional Third Ignition Output

This output provides 200mA as soon as the remote starter is activated. It can be used to power a relay to energize a positive (+) third ignition as shown below. This output is capable of driving two relays if necessary.



H3/3 GRAY (-) Hood Pinswitch Input, Zone 6 and Hood Icon

This wire MUST be connected to hood pinswitch. This input will disable or shut down the remote start when the hood is opened. It will also trigger the security system if the hood is opened while the system is armed and report Zone 6.

H3/4 BROWN (+) Brake Switch Input

This wire MUST be connected to the vehicle's brake light wire. This is the wire that shows (+) 12V when the brake pedal is pressed. The remote start will be disabled or shut down any time the brake pedal is pressed.

H3/5 VIOLET/WHITE Tachometer Input

This input provides the module with information about the engine's revolutions per minute (RPMs). It can be connected to the negative side of the coil in vehicles with conventional coils. In multi-coil and high energy ignition systems locating a proper signal may be more difficult. (See Installation Points to Remember section of this guide for finding the tachometer wire.) Once connected, you must teach the system the tach signal. (See *Tach Learning* section of this guide.)

IMPORTANT! DO NOT use T-Taps or scotch locks for this connection.

H3/6 BLACK/WHITE Neutral Safety Switch Input

Connect this wire to the toggle (override) switch as shown in Figure A. Connect the other wire from the toggle switch to the park/neutral switch in the vehicle. This wire will test with ground with the gear selector either in PARK or NEUTRAL. This will prevent the vehicle from accidentally being started while in a drive gear. This input MUST rest at ground in order for the remote start system to operate. Connected properly the vehicle will only start while in PARK or NEUTRAL.

In some vehicles, the park/neutral position switch activates a factory starter lock out that will not allow the starter to operate in a drive gear. In these vehicles, connect this wire to the toggle switch as shown in Figure B. Connect the other wire from the toggle switch to chassis ground.

Figure A

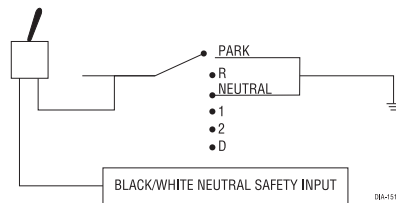
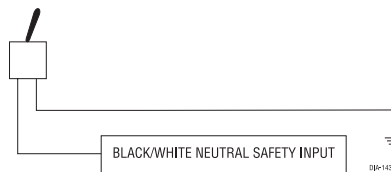


Figure B



IMPORTANT! Always perform the Vehicle Safety Check section of this guide to verify that the vehicle cannot be started in ANY drive gear and that the override switch is functioning properly.

Neutral Safety Switch Interface

Some vehicles combine the column shift mechanism and the mechanical neutral safety switch into one mechanical part. In these vehicles, it is impossible to interface the remote start system before the neutral safety switch. With this type of vehicle, if the vehicle is left in a drive gear and the remote start system is activated, the vehicle will move and may cause damage to persons or property. The following test must be performed before the vehicle is released to the customer.

NOTE: You must complete the remote start system installation before doing the following test. Ensure that the remote start system is functioning normally. This includes connecting to the brake as a shut-down.

Testing the Neutral Safety Switch

1. Make sure there is adequate clearance to the front and rear of the vehicle because it may move slightly.
2. Make sure the hood is closed and there are no remote start shut-downs active.
3. Set the emergency brake.
4. Turn the key to the "run" position, this will release the shifter.
5. Place the car in drive (D).
6. Place your foot directly over the brake pedal, but do not depress it. Be ready to step on the brake if the starter engages.
7. Activate the remote start system.
8. If the starter engages, immediately depress the brake to shut the remote start system down. If the starter does not engage, no additional safety system is required.

If the starter engages while testing, refer to DirectFax Document 1008 (Neutral Safety Update). It is available to authorized dealers only from the technical resources listed at the beginning of this manual.

IMPORTANT! Once the interface is complete, attempt to remote start the vehicle with the door closed and the key in the ignition. The vehicle should not start. If it does, recheck the connections.

Door Lock Harness (H4), Wire Connection Guide

H2/A	Green	(-) Lock, (+) Unlock Output
H2/B	Empty	Unless Using 451M
H2/C	Blue	(-) Unlock, (+) Lock Output

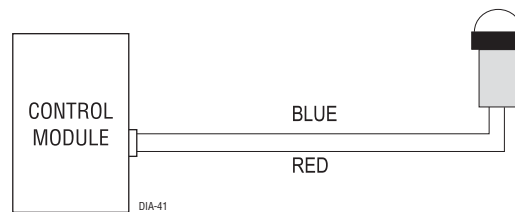
IMPORTANT! The door lock outputs are low current and should not be attached directly to any high current device; they are only to be used to activate relays

NOTE: For detailed instructions about connecting to the vehicle's power door lock systems, refer to the Door Lock Wiring guide (DirectFax Document 1041), available only to authorized dealers through the technical resources listed at the front of this guide.

Peripheral Plug-In Harnesses

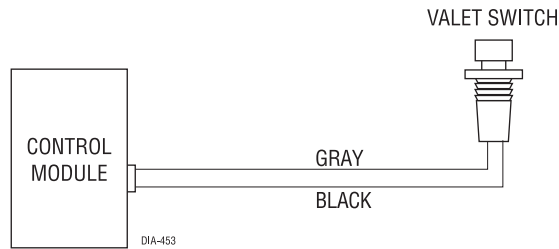
Super Bright LED, 2-Pin WHITE Plug

The super bright LED operates at (+) 2 volt DC and plugs into the two-pin WHITE port. Make sure the LED wires are not shorted to ground as the LED will be damaged. Multiple LED's can be used, but they must be wired in series. The LED fits into a 17/64 flush mount or 5/16-inch front load mounting hole. Be sure to check for clearance prior to drilling the mounting hole.



Valet/Program Switch, 2-Pin BLUE Plug

The Valet/Program button should be accessible from the driver's seat. It plugs into the BLUE port on the side of the unit. Since the system features Valet® by using the transmitter/receiver, the button can be well hidden. Consider how the button will be used before choosing a mounting location. Check for rear clearance before drilling a 9/32-inch hole and mounting the button. The GRAY wire in the two-pin plug may also be used as a (+) ghost switch input and can be connected to any (+) switch in the vehicle. (See *Feature Descriptions* section of this guide.)



Programmer Interface, 3-Pin Port



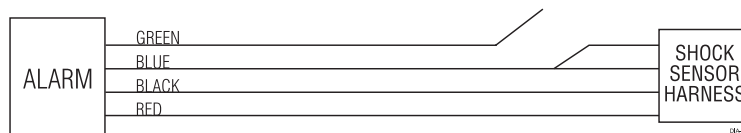
The BLACK three-pin port is provided for programming of the unit. When using the 998T Bitwriter, it is possible to configure any and all of the programmable functions. For more information please refer to the guide packaged with the programmer. This port can also be used to interface with Directed Video components for on-screen security system programming and trigger information.

Shock Sensor Harness, 4-Pin Connector

BLUE (-) Multiplex Input

Inputs shorter than 0.8 seconds will trigger the Warn Away® response, while inputs longer than 0.8 seconds will trigger full alarm sequence and report Zone Two.

NOTE: The BLUE shock sensor harness wire will report Zone 2 on the status LED and Sensor 1 on the transmitter/receiver LCD. The GREEN shock sensor harness wire will report Zone 4 on the status LED and Sensor 2 on the transmitter/receiver LCD. Make sure the harness is plugged in correctly (i.e., the end with the loose GREEN wire plugs into the alarm side).



GREEN (-) Multiplex Input

If installing an optional Directed dual-stage sensor, connect to the GREEN wire off the shock sensor harness.

RED and BLACK: RED is (+)12V Constant, BLACK is (-) Ground

Do not use these for anything besides the plug-in shock sensor.

Mounting the Transceiver

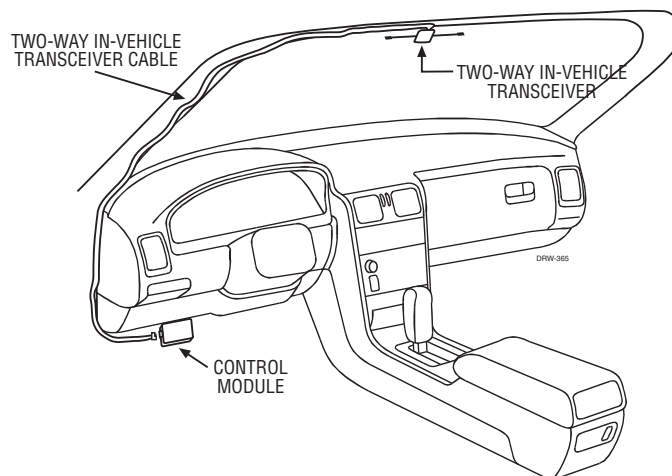
Two-way in-vehicle transceiver position should be discussed with the vehicle owner prior to installation, since the antenna may be visible to the vehicle's operator.

The best location for the two-way in-vehicle transceiver is centered high on either the front or rear windshield. For optimal range, the antenna should be mounted horizontally. Metallic window tint can also affect range, so this should be a consideration when determining the mounting location.

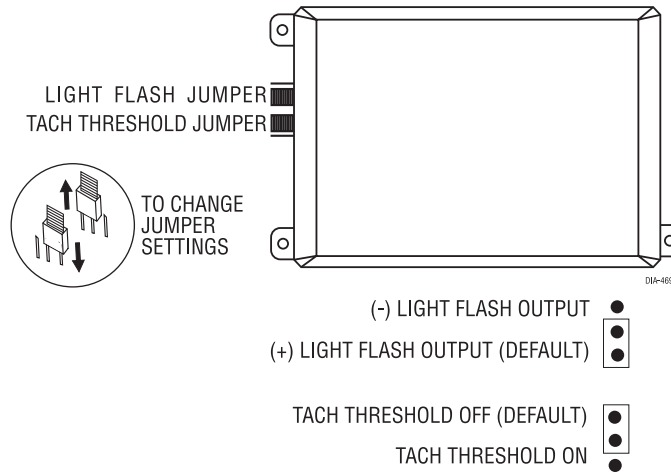
After determining the best mounting location, follow these steps:

1. Clean the mounting area with a quality glass cleaner or alcohol to remove any dirt or residue.
2. Plug the two-way in-vehicle transceiver cable into the two-way in-vehicle transceiver.
3. Mount the two-way in-vehicle transceiver using the supplied double-sided tape.
4. Route the two-way in-vehicle transceiver cable to the control module and plug it into the four-pin antenna connector.

IMPORTANT! To achieve the best possible range, DO NOT leave the antenna cable bundled under the dash. Always extend the cable full length during installation, regardless of the antenna mounting location.



Programming Jumpers



Light Flash Jumper

This jumper is used to determine the light flash output. In the (+) position, the on-board relay is enabled and the unit will output (+)12V on the WHITE wire, H1/2. In the (-) position, the on-board relay is disabled. The WHITE wire, H1/2, will supply a 200 mA (-) output suitable for driving factory parking light relays.

NOTE: For parking light circuits that draw 10 amps or more, the jumper must be switched to a (-) light flash output. P/N 8617 or a standard automotive SPDT relay must be used on the H1/2 light flash output harness wire.

IMPORTANT! DO NOT connect the H1/2 light flash wire to a negative vehicle light flash wire before changing the programming jumper to the negative polarity position or damage to vehicle light circuit may occur.

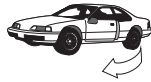
Tach Threshold On/Off

In most cases, this jumper can be left in the OFF position. Some new vehicles use less than 12 volts in their ignition systems. The unit may have trouble learning the tach signal in these vehicles. Changing the jumper to the ON setting changes the trigger threshold of the digital tach circuit so it will work properly with these vehicles. The vehicles affected include many newer Dodge/Chrysler/Plymouth vehicles, such as the Neon, Cirrus, Stratus, Breeze and LH-based vehicles.

System Features Learn Routine

The System Features Learn Routine dictates how the unit operates. Due to the number of steps, they have been broken up into three menus. It is possible to access and change any of the feature settings using the Valet/Program switch. However, this process can be greatly simplified by using the 998T Bitwriter. Any of the settings can be changed and then assigned to a particular transmitter, up to four, a feature called Owner Recognition. Each time that particular transmitter is used to disarm the system, the assigned feature settings will be recalled. Owner Recognition is only possible when programming the unit via the 998T Bitwriter.

If the system was previously programmed using the 998T Bitwriter, the learn routine may be locked. If the siren generates one long chirp when attempting to program the unit, the learn routine is locked and must be unlocked using the 998T Bitwriter.



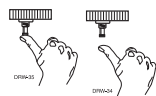
1. **Open a door.** (The H1/5 GREEN wire or the H1/7 VIOLET wire must be connected.)



2. **Ignition.** Turn the ignition on, then back off: (The heavy gauge PINK wire of the relay satellite must be connected.)



3. **Select a Menu.** Press and HOLD the Valet/Program switch. (The Valet/Program switch must be plugged into the BLUE port.) After three seconds the siren will chirp once indicating entry to the Basic Features Menu. If this is the menu you wish to access, release the button and go on to Step 4. If the button is not released, you will jump to the next menu and the siren will chirp twice. There are three possible menus. Once you have selected the desired menu, release the Valet/Program switch.



4. **Select a Feature.** Press and release the Valet/Program switch the number of times corresponding to the feature you wish to change. For example, to access the third feature, press and release the switch three times. Then press the switch once more and HOLD it. The siren will chirp the number of times equal to the feature you have accessed.



5. **Program the Feature.** While HOLDING the Valet/Program switch, you can toggle the feature on and off using the transmitter/receiver. Pressing the lock button will select the one chirp setting. Pressing the unlock button will select the two chirp setting. (See *System Features Menus* section of this guide.)

NOTE: Some features have more than two settings. Pressing the lock button selects the one-chirp setting; pressing the unlock button will cycle through all possible two-chirp settings.



6. **Release the Valet/Program Switch.**

Once a feature is programmed:

- Other features can be programmed within the same menu.
- Another menu can be selected.
- The learn routine can be exited if programming is complete.

To access another feature in the same menu:

1. Press and release the Valet/Program switch the number of times necessary to advance from the feature you just programmed to the next one you want to program.
2. Then press the Valet/Program switch once more and HOLD it.

For example, if you just programmed the third feature in the menu and you would like to program the seventh feature in the menu, you would press and release the Valet/Program switch four times and then press it once more and HOLD it. The siren would chirp seven times to confirm access to the seventh feature.

To select another menu:

1. Press and HOLD the Valet/Program switch.
2. After three seconds, the unit will advance to the next menu and the siren will chirp, indicating which menu has been accessed.

For instance, if you just programmed some features in Menu #1 (Basic Features) and you wish to program a feature in Menu #2, you press and HOLD the Valet/Program button. After three seconds, the siren chirps twice indicating access to Menu #2.

To exit the learn routine do one of the following:

- Close the open door.
- Turn the ignition on.

- No activity for longer than 15 seconds.
- Press the Valet/Program switch too many times.

System Features Menus

Items in bold text have been programmed to the default setting at the factory.

Menu #1 - Basic Features

Feature Number	One Chirp Setting	Two-Chirp Setting
1-1	Active arming	Passive arming
1-2	Chirps ON	Chirps OFF
1-3	Ignition-controlled door locks	Standard door locks
1-4	Active locking only	Passive locking
1-5	Panic with ignition ON	No panic with ignition on
1-6	0.8 second door lock pulses	3.5 second door lock pulses
1-7	Forced passive arming ON	Forced passive arming OFF
1-8	Automatic Engine Disable ON	Automatic Engine Disable OFF
1-9	Armed When Driving (AWD) ON	AWD OFF
1-10	Code Hopping™ ON	Code Hopping™ OFF

Menu #2 - Advanced Features

Feature Number	One Chirp Setting	Two-Chirp Setting
2-1	Siren output constant	Siren output pulsed
2-2	30-second siren duration	60-second siren duration
2-3	Nuisance Prevention® Circuitry ON	Nuisance Prevention® Circuitry OFF
2-4	Progressive door trigger	Instant door trigger
2-5	Disarm from Valet: 1 pulse	Disarm from Valet: 2-5 pulses
2-6	Bypass Notification chirp ON	Bypass Notification chirp OFF
2-7	Ignition-controlled domelight ON	Ignition-controlled domelight OFF
2-8	Single unlock pulse	Double unlock pulse
2-9	Factory disarm with Channel 2 ON	Factory disarm with Channel 2 OFF
2-10	Channel 4 Validity	Channel 4: latched/latched, reset with ignition/30-second timed/second unlock output

Menu #3 - Remote Start Features

Feature Number	One Chirp Setting	Two-Chirp Setting
3-1	Engine checking ON	Engine checking OFF
3-2	Engine checking TACH	Engine checking VOLTAGE
3-3	Run time: 12 minutes	Run time: 24 or 60 minutes
3-4	Parking lights flashing	Parking lights constant
3-5	Crank time 0.6 seconds	0.8, 1.0, 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8, 2.0, 4.0
3-6	Voltage check - high	Voltage check - low
3-7	Auxiliary output - factory disarm	Special accessory
3-8	Status output	Factory re-arm output
3-9	Anti-grind ON	Anti-grind OFF

Feature Descriptions

The features of the system are described below. Features that have additional settings that can be selected only when programming with the 998T Bitwriter are indicated by the following icon:



Menu #1 - Basic Features

1-1 ACTIVE/PASSIVE ARMING: When active arming is selected, the system will only arm when the transmitter is used. When set to passive, the system will arm automatically 30 seconds after the last door is closed. To alert the consumer of passive arming, the siren will chirp 20 seconds after the door is closed. This provides the consumer with an audible warning prior to the system actually arming. At the 30 second mark, the system will arm, but the siren will not chirp.

1-2 CHIRPS ON/OFF: This feature controls the chirps that confirm the arming and disarming of the system.



1-3 IGNITION CONTROLLED DOOR LOCKS ON/OFF: When turned on, the doors will lock three seconds after the ignition is turned on and unlock when the ignition is turned off. The 998T Bitwriter™ will display separate steps for ignition lock and ignition unlock. They can be programmed on or off independently.

1-4 ACTIVE/PASSIVE LOCKING: If passive arming is selected in Feature 1-1, then the system can be programmed to either lock the doors when passive arming occurs, or only lock the doors when the system is armed via the transmitter/receiver. Active locking means the system will not lock the doors when it passively arms. Passive locking means that the system will lock the doors when it passively arms.

NOTE: Remember, when passive arming is selected, the unit will chirp 20 seconds after the last door is closed. The system does not actually arm or lock the doors until 30 seconds after the door has been closed.

1-5 PANIC WITH IGNITION ON: This feature controls whether or not the panic mode is available with the ignition on. In some states, there are laws prohibiting a siren sounding in a moving vehicle. This feature makes the system compliant with these regulations.

1-6 DOOR LOCK PULSE DURATION: Some European vehicles require longer lock and unlock pulses to operate the vacuum pump. Programming the system to provide 3.5 second pulses, will accommodate the door lock interface in these vehicles. The default setting is 0.8 second door lock pulses.

1-7 FORCED PASSIVE ARMING ON/OFF: To use this feature, passive arming must be selected in Feature 1-1. When turned on, forced passive arming will ensure that the system will passively arm, even if a zone is left open or invalid. Forced passive arming occurs one hour after the ignition is turned off.

1-8 AUTOMATIC ENGINE DISABLE (AED) ON/OFF: AED is a full-time, passive starter disable that works independently of the security system. When turned on, the orange, ground-when-armed output (H1/1) will activate 30 seconds after the ignition is turned off. The LED will flash at half its normal rate when the ignition is turned off to indicate that AED is active and will interrupt the starter in 30 seconds. AED does not occur in Valet® mode and can be bypassed using the emergency override procedure. The transmitter can be used to disarm AED.

1-9 ARMED WHILE DRIVING (AWD) ON/OFF: In the default setting (Armed While Driving), the system can be armed with the ignition on. When armed, the ground-when-armed is not active and the sensors are bypassed. The door triggers will remain active.

1-10 CODE HOPPING™ ON/OFF: The system uses a mathematical formula to change its code each time the transmitter and receiver communicate. This makes the group of bits or "word" from the transmitter very long. The longer the word is, the easier it is to block its transmission to the unit. Disabling the Code Hopping™ feature lets the receiver ignore the Code Hopping™ part of the transmitted word. As a result, the unit may have better range with Code Hopping™ off.

Menu #2 - Advanced Features

2-1 SIREN OUTPUT CONSTANT/PULSED: The system can be programmed to output pulses instead of a continuous output when the system is triggered. This is useful to honk the factory horn in applications where a siren is undesirable. Remember that the unit is only capable of supplying 1 amp of current. A relay will be required to interface with most factory horn systems.



2-2 SIREN DURATION 30/60 SECONDS: It is possible to program the unit to sound for 30 or 60 seconds during the triggered sequence. Some states have laws regulating how long a security system can sound. When using the 998T Bitwriter™, the siren can be programmed to sound for any length of time from 1 second to 180 seconds.

2-3 NUISANCE PREVENTION CIRCUITRY™ (NPC™) ON/OFF: NPC™ stops repeated triggering of the same zone. If one zone is triggered three times in one hour, that zone is bypassed for one hour, starting from the time of the third trigger. During that hour, if the system sees a trigger on that zone again, the system resets the one hour timer. If one hour passes and the zone has not triggered again, the zone is activated and can trigger the system again. NPC™ only monitors sensor inputs, and does not bypass the door trigger or the ignition trigger at any time. If NPC™ is turned off, the system will respond to repeated triggers on the sensor inputs and will do so indefinitely. Some states have laws regulating how many times a security system can trigger before it is considered a nuisance and the vehicle is towed away.

2-4 PROGRESSIVE DOOR TRIGGER ON/OFF: The system responds to a door trigger input with a progressive response. When the door is opened with the system armed, the siren will chirp 10 times prior to the full triggered sequence. The door trigger is still treated as an instant trigger and closing the door quickly will not prevent full triggered sequence from occurring. If the progressive door trigger is programmed off, the full siren output will occur the moment the door is opened.

2-5 VALET PULSE COUNT 1 TO 5 PULSES: The system can be programmed to count the number of presses of the valet switch before disarming the security system. The factory default setting is one pulse. The unit can also be set for two to five pulses.

Ghost Switch option: For added security, the GRAY wire on the two-pin Valet®/Program plug can be connected to any switch in the vehicle that provides a positive (+) momentary pulse.

2-6 BYPASS NOTIFICATION CHIRP ON/OFF: When programmed on, any active zone input to the system during arming will generate a bypass notification chirp. When programmed OFF, no bypass notification chirps will be generated if any zone is active during arming.

2-7 IGNITION CONTROLLED DOME LIGHT SUPERVISION ON/OFF: If turned on, the system will turn on the dome light for 60 seconds when the ignition is turned off. The optional dome light supervision feature must be installed as described in the Wire Connection Guide.

2-8 DOUBLE PULSE UNLOCK ON/OFF: Some vehicles require two pulses on a single wire to unlock the doors. When the double pulse unlock feature is turned on, the BLUE H4/C wire will supply two negative pulses instead of a single pulse. At the same time, the GREEN H4/A wire will supply two positive pulses instead of a single pulse. This makes it possible to directly interface with double pulse vehicles without any extra parts.

2-9 FACTORY ALARM DISARM WITH CHANNEL 2: In the default setting the factory alarm disarm output will disarm the factory alarm system any time the button(s) controlling Channel Two is pressed.

2-10 CHANNEL 4 VALIDITY/LATCHED/LATCHED RESET WITH IGNITION/30 SECOND TIMED/SECOND UNLOCK OUTPUT: Channel Four can be programmed for these output configurations. The unit is set to the default validity output. To change the configuration, use the two-chirp setting to toggle through the different configurations.

Menu #3 - Remote Start Features

3-1 ENGINE CHECKING ON/OFF: In the default setting the remote start will monitor either the vehicle's tach wire or voltage depending on the programming of feature 3-2. If programmed OFF the vehicle will crank for the programmed crank time (feature 3-5) and will not verify with tach or voltage that the car is running. In the OFF setting, if the vehicle fails to start, the ignition can stay on for the entire run duration. Using tach or voltage check is always recommended if possible.

NOTE: This feature is for testing purposes only. Always use Tach or voltage sensing before completing the installation.

3-2 CHECKING TYPE TACH/VOLTAGE: Selects the method of engine monitoring. If set to TACHOMETER the unit will reference the learned tach signal to disengage the starter. In addition it will monitor the RPM and shut down if the engine RPM is too high or too low. When set to VOLTAGE, the unit will crank the starter for the programmed time and then attempt to sense that the engine is running by detecting an increase in voltage. The threshold for the voltage check is selectable in feature 3-6.



3-3 RUN TIME 12, 24, 60 MINUTES: Selects the time in minutes that the system will operate the engine until the system "times out". This is the maximum operation period and the system may be shut down using a shutdown at any time. Using the 998T Bitwriter, the run time can be programmed for any duration from 1-60 minutes.

3-4 PARKING LIGHTS FLASHING/CONSTANT: In the default setting, the unit will flash the vehicle's parking lights (if connected) while remote started. The constant setting will turn the parking lights on solid for the entire run duration.

3-5 CRANK TIME 0.6/0.8/1.0/1.2/1.4/1.6/1.8/2.0/4.0 SECONDS: If the unit is programmed for no engine checking or voltage sense, the crank time must be set to the appropriate duration. The default setting is 0.6 second. If a different crank time is desired, select feature 3-5 and select either 0.6 second by using the one-chirp setting or toggle through the higher settings by using the two-chirp settings.

3-6 VOLTAGE CHECK HI/LOW: This feature only functions when programmed for voltage sense. Some vehicles have many accessories, which are turned on when remote started. In these vehicles, the variation of voltage between the engine off and the car running is very small and the remote start unit may "think" the vehicle has not started. This can cause the remote start to shut-down after the car has been started. If this happens program this feature to the LOW position.

3-7 AUXILIARY OUTPUT FACTORY DISARM/SPECIAL ACCESSORY: In the default setting the LT. GREEN/BLACK, H2/2, wire sends a negative pulse that may be used to disarm the vehicle's factory security system. If programmed for a special accessory, the wire can be used to energize a relay to power up extra ignition wires in the vehicle. This wire must be used to energize circuits in the vehicle that operate accessories, such as the radio or heater.

3-8 BLUE WIRE STATUS OUTPUT/FACTORY SECURITY RE-ARM OUTPUT: The blue (H3/1) wire will supply a 200mA (-) output for the entire remote start run time. If programmed for factory re-arm output, this wire will supply a momentary 200mA (-) pulse whenever the remote start times out or is shut down with the transmitter. This can be used to re-arm many factory security systems.

3-9 AUTOMATIC ANTI-GRIND ON/OFF: With the anti-grind ON (default) the ground-when-armed output will be active during remote start operation. If accessories such as a voice module or window module are added to the unit, it may be necessary to program this feature OFF.

Transmitter/Receiver Learn Routine

NOTE: For information regarding transmitter programming please refer to the Owner's Guide.

The system comes with one transmitter that has been taught to the receiver. The receiver can store up to four different transmitter codes in memory. Use the following learn routine to add transmitters to the system or to change button assignments if desired.

If the system was previously programmed using the 998T Bitwriter, the learn routine may be locked. If the siren generates one long chirp when attempting to program the unit, the learn routine is locked and must be unlocked using the 998T Bitwriter.



1. **Open a door.** (The H1/5 GREEN wire or the H1/7 VIOLET wire must be connected.)



2. **Key.** Turn the ignition ON. (The heavy-gauge PINK wire of the relay satellite must be connected.)



3. **Select the receiver Channel.** Press and release the Valet/program switch the number of times necessary to access the desired channel. Once you have selected a channel, press and HOLD the Valet/program switch once more. The siren will chirp and the LED will blink the number of times corresponding to the channel that has been accessed.

NOTE: If adding a transmitter/receiver, a button must be taught to the unit in the Channel One or Channel Five position prior to programming other channels.



4. **Press the transmitter button.** While holding the Valet®/Program switch, press the button from the transmitter that you wish to assign to that channel. The unit will chirp indicating successful programming. It is not possible to teach a transmitter button to the system more than once.



5. **Release.** Once the code is learned, the Valet®/Program button can be released

Channel Number	Function	Wire Color
1	Arm/Disarm/Panic	
2	Silent Mode/Remote Valet/Trunk Release	RED/WHITE
3	Remote Start	
4	Second unlock or other accessories	VIOLET/BLACK
5	Arm only	
6	Disarm only	
7	Panic only	
8	Auto-learn Standard Configuration*	
9	Auto-learn Single Button Arm/Disarm Configuration*	
10	Delete all transmitters	

*NOTE: For Auto Learn Configurations, see *Transmitter Configurations* section of this guide.

Channels #1, 5, 6, 7: Channels 1, 5, 6, and 7 are used to assign the arm, disarm and panic functions to specific buttons on the transmitter/receiver. Teaching a button to Channel 1 or 5 erases some information about that transmitter/receiver from memory. Any auxiliary functions that are desired may have to be reprogrammed.

NOTE: To avoid confusion, delete all transmitters before changing button configurations.

Channel #10: If any button from a known transmitter is programmed to Channel 10, all transmitters will be erased from memory and the system features will revert to the default settings. This is useful in cases where the one of the customer's transmitters is lost or stolen. This will erase any lost or stolen transmitters from the system's memory. It can also be used to start from scratch if the transmitter buttons were programmed incorrectly.

You can advance from one channel to another by releasing the Valet® /Program button and tapping it to advance channels and then holding it. For example, if you want to program Channel Three after programming Channel One, release the Valet®/Program button. Press it twice and release it to advance to Channel Three. Then press it once more and hold it. The siren will chirp three times to confirm it is ready to receive the code from the transmitter.

To exit the learn routine:

One long horn honk indicates that Learn Routine has been exited.

- Ignition is turned off.
- Door is closed.
- Valet/Program button is pressed too many times.
- More than 15 seconds elapse between steps.

Transmitter Configurations

The transmitters can be programmed with the standard or single button arm/disarm configurations by using the Auto Learn functions in the Transmitter/Receiver Learn Routine.

Standard Configuration

A transmitter/receiver that uses the standard configuration operates similarly to many factory keyless entry remotes. A standard configuration transmitter allows arming, disarming, and Panic Mode activation with separate buttons. When programmed for standard configuration, the transmitter buttons are assigned to the following functions:



operates Arm only







operates Disarm only



operates Channel 2 and Silent Mode







operates Panic only

	and		operate	Remote Start
	and		operate	Channel 4

The standard configuration also allows the user to utilize Multi-Level Security Arming, a feature that cannot be accessed from a single button arm/disarm configuration transmitter.





Single Button Arm/Disarm Configuration

When programmed for single button arm/disarm configuration, the transmitter buttons are assigned to the following functions:

	operates	Arm/Disarm/Panic
	operates	Channel 2 and Silent Mode
	operates	Remote Start
	operates	Channel 4

Tach Learning

To learn the tach signal:






- 
 1. Start the vehicle with the key.
- 
 2. Within 5 seconds, press and hold the Valet/program switch.
- 
 3. The LED will light constant when the tach signal is learned.
- 
 4. Release the Valet/program switch.

NOTE: A dim or pulsing LED when learning tach means the unit has not learned the tach signal. Test all connections, and if good, relocate the tach input wire and continue with tach learning procedure.

Shutdown Diagnostics

The unit has the ability to report the cause of the last shutdown of the remote start system.

To enter diagnostic mode:

-  1. Turn the ignition off.
-  2. Press and hold the Valet/program switch.
-  3. Turn the ignition on then off again.
-  4. Release the Valet/program switch.
-  5. Press and release the Valet/program switch.

The LED will now report the last system shutdown by flashing for one minute in the below grouped patterns; the LED will stop flashing when the ignition is turned on.

LED FLASHES	SHUTDOWN MODE
1	System timed out
2	Over-rev shutdown
3	Low or no RPM
4	Transmitter Shutdown (or optional push-button)
6	(-) Hood Shutdown (H3/3 GRAY) or (+) Brake Shutdown (H3/4 BROWN)
7	(-) Neutral safety shutdown (H3/6 BLACK/WHITE)
8	Wait-to-start timed out

Multi-Level Security Arming

Multi-Level Security arming allows the operator to select which inputs and sensors are active during a particular arming cycle. For a full description of Multi-Level Security Arming operation for testing purposes refer to the owner's manual.

Nuisance Prevention[®] Circuitry

Nuisance Prevention Circuitry bypasses any zone that triggers the system more than three times within a one-hour period. For a full description of NPC operations refer to the owner's manual.

IMPORTANT! When testing the systems sensor and trigger inputs reset NPC by turning on the ignition after every third system trigger.

Rapid Resume Logic

Rapid Resume Logic ensures that when the system is powered up it will return to the same state it was in when power is disconnected. For a full description of Rapid Resume Logic refer to the owner's manual.

Timer Mode

Timer Mode allows the operator to program the remote start system to start the engine every three hours a total of 6 times. For a full description of Timer Mode activation refer to the owner's manual.

Diagnostics

The system's microprocessor monitors and reports all active and violated zones when arming and disarming. LED flashes indicate the active or violated zone; siren chirps indicate system status.

Arm/Disarm Diagnostics

The number of siren chirps will indicate the status of the system when arming and disarming. For information on which zone is active or has been violated refer to the Table of Zones.

System Status Chirps

Action	Number of Chirps	Description
Arm	1	System armed
Arm	1 (3 second delay), 1	System armed with Bypass Notification
Disarm	2	System disarmed
Disarm	4	System disarmed with Tamper Alert
Disarm	5	System disarmed NPC® active




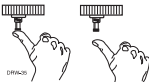
Table of Zones

Zone No.	Trigger type	Input description
1	Trunk	(-) Input BLUE Multiplex Trigger (H1/6)
2	Shock Harness	BLUE (-) Mux Sensor 1
3	Door Trigger	GREEN (H1/5) and VIOLET (H1/7)
4	Shock Harness	GREEN (-) Mux Sensor 2
5	Ignition	YELLOW Ribbon Wire Harness or PINK Heavy Gauge Relay Satellite Harness
6	Hood	(-) GREY (H3/3) Instant Trigger

NOTE: The Warn Away® response does not report on the LED, but will report on the LCD of the transmitter/receiver.

Long-Term Event History

The system stores the last two full triggers in memory. These are not erasable. Each time the unit sees a full trigger, the older of the two triggers in memory will be replaced by the new trigger. To access long term event history:

-  1. With the ignition off, press and HOLD the Valet/Program switch.
-  2. Turn on the ignition.
-  3. Release the Valet/Program switch.
-  4. Press and release the Valet/Program switch within 5 seconds. The LED will flash in groups indicating the last two zones that triggered the unit. The LED will flash for one minute or until the ignition is turned off.

NOTE: The Warning Zone triggers are not stored to memory and will not be reported.

Safety Check

Before vehicle reassembly, the remote system must be checked to ensure safe and trouble-free operation. The following test procedure must be used to verify proper installation and operation of the system. The installation must be completed before testing, including connection to the brake switch and hood switch.

1. Test the BRAKE shutdown circuit: With the vehicle in Park (P), activate the remote start system. Once the engine is running, press the brake pedal. The engine should shut down immediately. If the engine continues to run, check the brake circuit connection.
2. Test the HOOD PIN shutdown circuit: With the vehicle in Park (P), open the hood. Activate the remote start system. The vehicle should not start. If the starter engages, check your hood pin and connections.
3. Test the NEUTRAL SAFETY shutdown circuit:

IMPORTANT! Make sure there is adequate clearance to the front and rear of the vehicle before attempting this test.

- a. Make sure the hood is closed and no other shutdown circuits are active.
- b. Set the emergency brake.
- c. Turn the ignition key to the run position but do not start the engine.
- d. Put the vehicle in Drive (D).
- e. Put your foot over the brake pedal but do not press down on it. Be ready to step on the brake to shutdown the remote start system.
- f. Activate the remote start system.
 - If the starter engages, immediately step on the brake to shut down the system. If it does engage, recheck the neutral safety input connection. The vehicle may use a mechanical neutral safety switch. (See H2/6 BLACK/WHITE neutral safety switch input in Remote Start Harness Wire Connection Guide section of this guide.)
 - If the starter does not engage, the test is complete.

Once the system passes the three tests, the vehicle can be re-assembled and delivered. Do not use the remote start system or finalize the installation if it fails any of the safety check tests.

Troubleshooting

Alarm Troubleshooting

Starter kill doesn't work:

- Is the correct wire being interrupted? If the car starts when the starter kill relay is completely disconnected, the wrong starter wire has been cut and interrupted.
- Is the yellow wire of the starter kill relay going to primary ignition? This wire must be powered in the run and start positions.

Shock sensor doesn't trigger the alarm:

- Has the NPC™ system been triggered? If so, you will hear 5 chirps when disarming. To check this, turn the ignition key on and off to clear the NPC™'s memory, and then retest the shock sensor. For a detailed description of NPC™, see Nuisance Prevention Circuitry section of this guide.
- If the Warn Away® does not work, check the four-pin harness and verify that the end with the GREEN wire is plugged into the alarm module.

Door input does not immediately trigger full alarm. Instead, chirps are heard for the first 3 seconds:

- That's how the progressive two-stage door input works! This is a feature of this system. This is an instant trigger, remember, since even if the door is instantly closed again, the progression from chirps to constant siren will continue.

Closing the door triggers the system, but opening the door does not:

- Have you correctly identified the type of door switch system? This happens often when the wrong door input has been used. See the Techsoft DirectFax to identify the polarity of the door trigger.

System will not passively arm until it is remotely armed and then disarmed:

- Are the door inputs connected? Is the H1/6 blue wire connected to the door trigger wire in the vehicle? Either the H1/5 green or the H1/7 violet should be used instead. (See wiring diagrams.)

Door input does not respond with the progressive trigger, but with immediate full alarm:

- Does the Status LED indicate that the trigger was caused by the shock sensor? (See Diagnostics section of this guide.) The shock sensor, if set to extreme sensitivity, may be detecting the door unlatching before the door switch sends its signal. Reducing the sensitivity can solve this problem.

The Valet®/Program switch doesn't work.

- Is it plugged into the correct socket? See Plug-In LED and Valet®/Program Switch section of this guide.

Status LED doesn't work.

- You've probably guessed already, but here goes: Is it plugged in? (See Plug-In LED and Valet®/Program Switch section of this guide.) Is the LED plugged into the correct socket?

Door locks operate backwards.

- This unit has easily-reversed lock/unlock outputs. Recheck wire connections to see if you have reversed these.

Remote Start Troubleshooting

The remote start will not activate.

- Check the harnesses and their connections. Make sure that the harnesses are completely plugged into the remote start module. Make sure there are good connections to the vehicle wiring.
- Check voltage and fuses. Use a meter to check for voltage between the red wire in the 5-pin ribbon harness and the black ground wire. If you have less than battery voltage, check the 3A and both 30A fuses on the relay satellite. Also make sure that the ground wire connects to a good chassis ground point.
- Check diagnostics. The diagnostics will tell you which shutdown is active or not connected.
- Check the neutral safety wire; it should be grounded or the remote start will not activate.

The remote start will activate, but the starter never engages.

- Check for voltage on the purple starter wire two seconds after the remote start becomes active. If there is voltage present, skip to Step 4. If there is not voltage present, advance to Step 2.
- Check the 30A fuses.
- Check diagnostics. If the gray/black wire is detecting ground upon activation, the starter will not crank.
- Make sure the purple starter wire is connected on the starter side of the starter kill/anti-grind relay.
- Does the vehicle have an immobilizer? Some immobilizer systems will not allow the vehicle to crank if active.
- Check connections. The two red heavy gauge input wires on the relay satellite should have solid connections. "T-taps" or "scotch locks" are not recommended for any high current heavy gauge wiring. Also, if the vehicle has more than one 12-volt input wire, then connect one red wire to each.

The vehicle starts, but immediately dies.

- Does the vehicle have an immobilizer? The vehicle's immobilizer will cut the fuel and/or spark during unauthorized starting attempts.
- Is the remote start programmed for voltage sense? If so, the start time may not be set high enough, or you may have to adjust the voltage threshold in programming. Voltage sense will not work on some vehicles.
- Check diagnostics. Sometimes a shutdown will become active during cranking or just after cranking.

The vehicle starts, but the starter keeps running.

- Is the system programmed for engine checking off or voltage sense? When programmed for either of these features, the engine cranks for the preprogrammed crank time regardless of how long it takes for the vehicle to actually start. Adjust to a lower cranking time.
- Was the Tach Learn successful? The LED must light solid and bright to indicate a successful learn.
- Make sure that there is a tach signal at the purple/white tach input wire of the remote start. If there is not a tach signal, recheck the connection to the vehicle's tach wire and make sure the wire is not broken or shorted to ground leading to the remote start.

The vehicle will start, but will only run for 10 seconds.

- Is the remote start programmed for voltage sense? Try programming the unit for low voltage reference. If this does not work, a tach wire should be used.
- Check diagnostics.

The climate control system does not work while the unit is operating the vehicle.

- Either the wrong accessory wire is being energized or more than one ignition or accessory wire must be energized in order to operate the climate control system.

Wiring Quick Reference Guide

